

UNIVERSE+ Online Seminar

Fabian Schmidt "Wilson-Polchinski renormalization group for large-scale structure"

universe+ is a cooperation of









Wilson-Polchinski RG for LSS

Bagdon: ar XiV: 2307. 15031

2404. 16929

Henrique Rubira & FS

Gal. formation:

- spatially (oxal

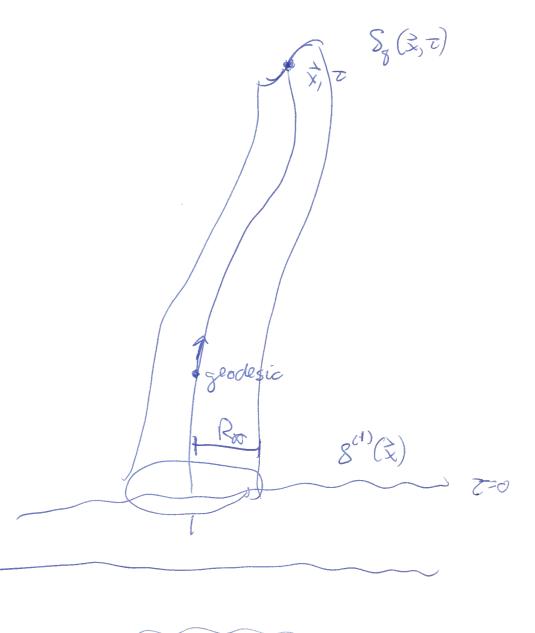
- aquivalence principle

a) closed (at fixed order in PT)

of grav. Observables of z]

solutions to EFT of LSS e.am.

 $\{0\}$ \supset δ , $\left(\frac{3}{7^2}\delta\right)^2$, $\sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}\delta$



Gal. den sity field
$$S_g(\bar{x}), \bar{z} = \frac{n_g(\bar{x}, \bar{z})}{n_g(\bar{z})} - 1$$
 1st order in PT $S_g(\bar{k}) \sim N(0, P_2(k))$ $S_{drop} = \frac{n_g(\bar{x}, \bar{z})}{n_g(\bar{z})} - 1$ $P_2(k)$

$$Z_{S^{(1)}}[J] = \int DS^{(2)} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{|S^{(2)}(\tilde{L})|^2}{R(L)} + \int J(\tilde{L}) \cdot S^{(2)}(\tilde{L})\right] \times N$$

$$\frac{3^{\text{colosxies:}}}{2(3)^{2}} = N \left(\int S^{(1)} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \int_{E}^{1} \frac{1S^{(1)}(E)^{2}}{P_{2}(E)} + \int_{E}^{1} \int_{E}^{1} \frac{1}{P_{2}(E)} \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{P_{2}(E)} \right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{P_{2}(E)} \right) \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} S_{k} + \sum_{$$

$$\frac{D}{DJ(L)} \frac{D}{DJ(L)} = \frac{5}{5} \frac{5}{6} \frac{5}{6} \left\langle O[S^{o}](L) O[S^{o}](LL) \right\rangle_{S^{o}} \frac{3^{n} det.}{5^{n} stoch.}$$

$$2[D] = N \int J S^{\circ\prime\prime} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1S^{\circ\prime\prime}(\tilde{k})^2}{P_c(k)} + S_{eff} \left[S^{\circ\prime}, \partial\right] \right]$$

$$S_{\text{eff}} [S^n, \mathcal{J}] = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{Z^n}{Q_n} \frac{C_0^{(m)}}{m!} \int_{X} \mathcal{J}^m(\hat{x}) \, \mathcal{S}[S^n](\hat{x})$$

as derive Zpt, 3+pt functions

$$(S_8 S_8 S_8) = (000'0")$$

+ $(000')$
+ (30)

Wilson-Polchinski RG $S^{(n)} \rightarrow S^{(n)} \wedge \rightarrow C^{(m)}(\Lambda)$ $\Lambda = \Lambda + \lambda$ (A infinitesimal) =) $S_{\Lambda}^{(i)} = S_{\Lambda}^{(i)} + S_{\text{shell}}$

$$S_{\Lambda}^{(1)} = S_{\Lambda}^{(1)} + S_{\text{shell}}$$

Sin Schell

And the second

bias renormalization

- Stock term.

 $\frac{d}{d\Lambda} b^{\Lambda}_{0} = -\frac{d\delta_{\Lambda}^{2}}{d\Lambda^{2}} \underbrace{S}_{0'} \underbrace{C_{00'} b^{\Lambda}_{0'}}_{0'}$ $\sigma_{\Lambda} = \left(\left(S_{\Lambda}^{(0)} \right)^{2} \right) = \underbrace{\int d^{3}k}_{(2\pi)^{3}} P_{L}(k)$

(1st papes)

Renormalizing stock. Contr.s

$$\int_{X} J(\hat{x}) S_{n}^{(n)}(\hat{x}) \int_{X} J(\hat{x}) S_{n}^{(n)}(\hat{x}') \qquad \text{Solution}$$

~ (ocal approx: - thin shell" => texactly 2 instances I loop in Schell Sufficient

simplest example

$$\sum_{k \in Shell} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right]^{2} = \int_{k}^{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right]^{2} ds^{2}$$

=> Closed RGE of Com = ... Com C(ip)

(2nd paper)